

## 2<sup>nd</sup> GRADE – DISTANCE LEARNING – MATH

For the final five weeks of the 2019-2020 school year, students will concentrate on three-digit Addition and Subtraction and Counting Money. Students may already possess some abilities and skills in these areas. This will be a good time to build up those skills.

All 2<sup>nd</sup> graders have learned Common Core strategies for two-digit Addition and Subtraction. This may be carried over into three-digit Addition and Subtraction. Students and parents may also use the standard algorithm as presented in the My Math pages. Students should use what they are comfortable with. Your teacher can be contacted for any questions or assistance.

Students are assigned two lessons per week and possibly a review. Lesson consists of 3 pages, 6 sides. Students can do 1.5 pages (3 sides) per day. The first page of any lesson is **Explore and Explain** which is usually done with the teacher. Students should write their name on this page, but don't need to do anything else. They can begin on second page, **See and Show**. Sometimes students have difficulty with **Talk Math** and **Hot Problem**. Your child should do their best, but don't worry about it. If they have extra time, they may study their Math facts or begin work for the following week.

<b>Week #1</b>	<b>Chapter 6</b>	<b>Three-Digit Addition</b>
Lesson #6	Pgs. 383-388	Three Digit Numbers: <b>Odds Only</b>
Lesson #7	Pgs. 389-394	Rewrite Three Digit Numbers: <b>Evens Only</b>

<b>Week #2</b>	<b>Chapter 7</b>	<b>Three-Digit Subtraction</b>
Lesson #7	Pgs. 451-455	Rewrite Three Digit Subtraction: <b>Odds Only</b>
Lesson #9	Pgs. 463-468	Subtract Across Zeros: <b>Evens Only</b>

<b>Week #3</b>	<b>Chapter 7 &amp; 8</b>	<b>Three-Digit Subtraction &amp; Money</b>
Ch. 7 Review	Pgs. 469-472	My Review
Ch. 8 L#1	Pgs. 483-488	Pennies, Nickels, Dimes

<b>Week #4</b>	<b>Chapter 8</b>	<b>Money</b>
Lesson #2	Pgs. 489-494	Quarters
Lesson #3	Pgs. 495-500	Count Coins
Check My Prog.	Pgs. 501-502	

<b>Week #5</b>	<b>Chapter 8</b>	<b>Money</b>
Lesson #4	Pgs. 503-508	Problem Solving
Lesson #5	Pgs. 509-514	Dollars
My Review	Pgs. 515-518	

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Quarters

## Lesson 2

### ESSENTIAL QUESTION





How do I count and use money?



## Explore and Explain



MAGIC MONEY COUNTER

 quarters 25¢	 dimes 10¢	 nickels 5¢	 pennies 1¢
_____	_____	_____	_____



**Teacher Directions:** Use quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies. Sort the coins into the correct columns. Count to find the value of the coins. Write the value on each column.



**quarter** = 25¢

Count by 25s.



25

¢,

50

¢,

75

¢

**Helpful Hint**

Remember ¢ stands for cents.

Start counting with the coin that has the greatest value.



\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_ ¢

**Count to find the value of the coins.**

1.



\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_ ¢

2.



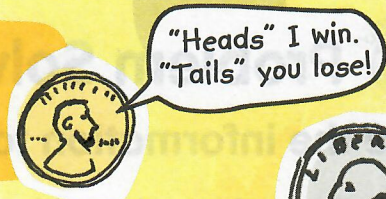
\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_ ¢

**Talk Math**

How many quarters do you need to make 100¢?



Name \_\_\_\_\_



## On My Own

Count to find the value of the coins.

3.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

4.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

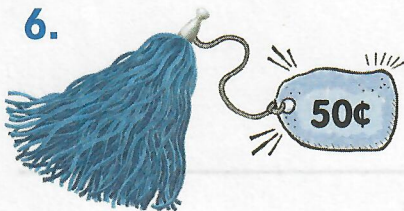
5.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

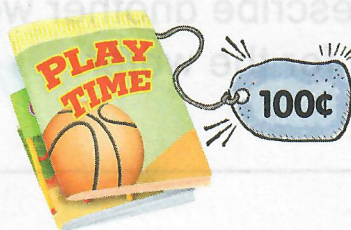
How many quarters do you need to purchase each item?

6.



\_\_\_\_\_ quarters

7.



\_\_\_\_\_ quarters

8.

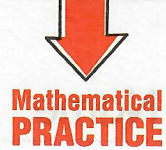


\_\_\_\_\_ quarters





## Problem Solving



Use the information to answer each question.

9. Dale found a quarter, a dime, and three nickels under the sofa. His mom gave him another quarter. Does he have enough money to buy a school basketball game ticket that costs  $50\text{¢}$ ?

\_\_\_\_\_

Can Dale also buy a juice box for  $25\text{¢}$ ?

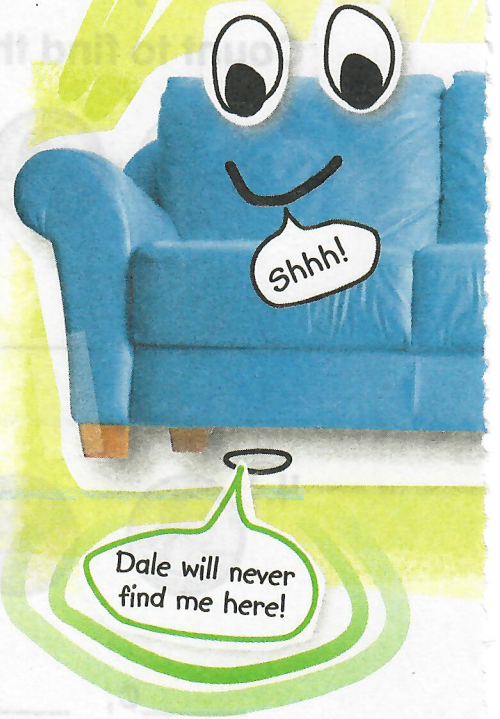
\_\_\_\_\_

10. Lindsay has 2 quarters and 5 dimes. She gives her friend 1 quarter. Lindsay needs  $100\text{¢}$  to buy a stuffed animal. Does she have enough to buy the toy?

\_\_\_\_\_

11. Jan has  $100\text{¢}$  in quarters. She wants to buy bracelets. Each bracelet costs a quarter. How many bracelets can she buy?

\_\_\_\_\_



**HOT Problem** Bryan buys water for  $75\text{¢}$ . He uses 3 quarters. Describe another way Bryan could have paid for the water.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# My Homework

## Lesson 2

## Quarters

### Homework Helper



Need help? [connectED.mcgraw-hill.com](http://connectED.mcgraw-hill.com)

**quarter** = 25¢



25¢,



50¢,



75¢

### Helpful Hint

¢ stands for cents.

Start with the coin that has the greatest value.



25¢,



50¢,



60¢,



70¢,



75¢,



80¢,



81¢

= 81¢

## Practice

Count to find the value of the coins.

1.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

2.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢



Count to find the value of the coins.

3.



\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_ ¢

Circle the correct number of quarters.

4. Jamal wants to donate 75¢ to the animal shelter. How many quarters would that be?



We love Jamal!



5. Jeff has 3 quarters. His friend has 2 quarters. How many more cents does Jeff have than his friend?

\_\_\_\_ ¢

## Vocabulary Check



Circle the correct answer.

6. **quarter**



**Math at Home** Have your child use quarters to show you 50¢ and 75¢.



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Count Coins

## Lesson 3

### ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How do I count and use money?



## Explore and Explain



Quarters  
25¢



Dimes  
10¢



Nickels  
5¢



Pennies  
1¢

The value of all of the coins is \_\_\_\_\_.



**Teacher Directions:** Use quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies. Sort the coins into the appropriate columns. Trace them. Write the total value of the coins.



# See and Show

Mathematical  
PRACTICE

skip  
count!

To count a group of coins, start with the coin that has the greatest value. Count to find the total.



25¢	25¢	10¢	1¢	1¢
25	50	60	61	62
_____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢				
= 62 ¢				

Count to find the value of the coins.

1.



10¢	10¢	5¢	5¢	5¢	1¢
_____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢					
= _____ ¢					

2.



25¢	10¢	10¢	10¢	5¢	1¢
_____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢, _____ ¢					
= _____ ¢					

**Talk Math**

How does skip counting help you count groups of different coins?

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Name \_\_\_\_\_

## On My Own

Count to find the value of the coins.

3.



\_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢

= \_\_\_\_¢

4.



\_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢

= \_\_\_\_¢

Draw and label the coins from greatest to least.  
Find the value of the coins.

5.

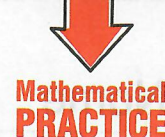


= \_\_\_\_¢





## Problem Solving



6. Suppose you have 1 quarter, 3 dimes, 1 nickel, and 7 pennies. How much money do you have?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢

7. Luke wants to buy a bouncy ball that costs 25 cents. He has five pennies, 1 dime, and 2 nickels. Does Luke have enough money?

\_\_\_\_\_

8. Connor has a quarter and a nickel. He gets 2 more quarters for helping around the house. How much money does he have now?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢

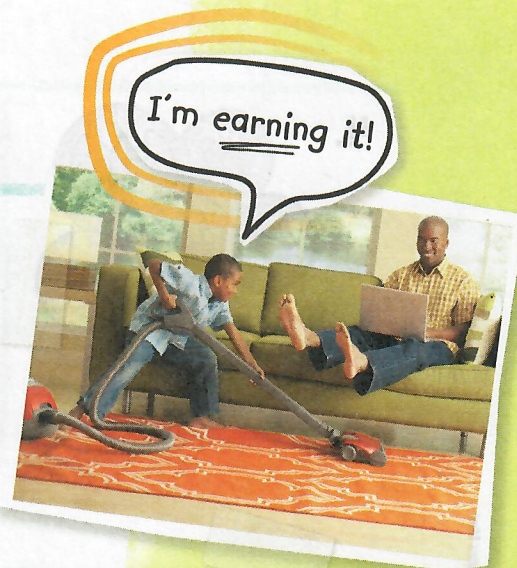
### Write Math

Chase has 5 dimes. Dan has 10 nickels. Who has more money? Explain.

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Name \_\_\_\_\_

# My Homework

## Lesson 3

### Count Coins

#### Homework Helper



Need help? [connectED.mcgraw-hill.com](http://connectED.mcgraw-hill.com)

To count coins, start with the coin that has the greatest value. Count to find the total value.



25¢,	50¢,	60¢,	65¢,	70¢,	71¢
					= 71¢

Count to find the value of the coins.

1.



_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢
					= _____¢

2.



_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢,	_____¢
						= _____¢



# Count to find the value of the coins.

3.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

= \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

4.

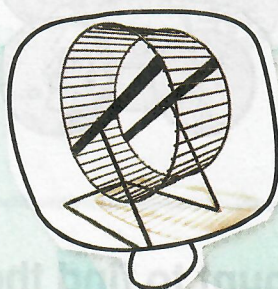


\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

= \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

5. Kate has 6 dimes, 5 nickels and 4 pennies.  
How much money does Kate have?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢



I hope Kate has enough money to buy me a cool toy!

## Test Practice

6. Find the value of the coins.



41¢



46¢



51¢



36¢



**Math at Home** Give your child coins with a value under \$1.00 and have him or her practice counting the coins. Then pretend you are buying and selling things using the coins.



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Check My Progress

## Vocabulary Check



penny

nickel

dime

quarter

Complete each sentence.

1. A coin that has a value of 25 cents is a \_\_\_\_\_.
2. A coin that has a value of 5 cents is a \_\_\_\_\_.
3. A coin that has a value of 1 cent is a \_\_\_\_\_.
4. A coin that has a value of 10 cents is a \_\_\_\_\_.

## Concept Check



Count to find the value of the coins.

5.



\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_ ¢

6.



\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_ ¢



Count to find the value of the coins.

7.



\_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢ = \_\_\_\_¢

8.



\_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢ = \_\_\_\_¢

9.



\_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢, \_\_\_\_¢ = \_\_\_\_¢

## Test Practice

10. Myla needs 55¢ to buy a bag of popcorn.  
Which coins should she use?



quarter, quarter



quarter, quarter, nickel



quarter, penny, nickel



quarter, quarter, penny





Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Problem Solving

STRATEGY: Act It Out

## Lesson 4

### ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How do I count and use money?



Gavin has 2 quarters, 1 dime, and 1 nickel. Does he have enough money to buy this toy?



## 1 Understand

Underline what you know.  
Circle what you need to find.

## 2 Plan

How will I solve the problem?

## 3 Solve

Act it out.



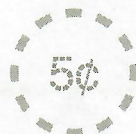
25¢,



50¢,



60¢,



65¢

= 65 ¢

Does Gavin have enough money to buy the toy?

yes

## 4 Check

Is my answer reasonable? Explain.



## Practice the Strategy

Robin wants to buy 3 rings.  
Each ring costs 20¢. She has  
1 quarter, 2 dimes, and 5 nickels.  
Does she have enough money?

I need  
more fingers!



### 1 Understand

Underline what you know.  
Circle what you need to find.

### 2

### Plan

How will I solve the problem?

### 3

### Solve

I will...

### 4

### Check

Is my answer reasonable? Explain.





Name \_\_\_\_\_

Mathematical  
**PRACTICE**

CCSS

## Apply the Strategy

Your quarter's  
safe with me!



1. Maria has 1 quarter in her piggy bank. Her mom gives her a nickel. Her dad gives her a dime. How much money does Maria have in all?

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Mark has 2 quarters, 1 dime, and 1 penny. He wants to buy a toy truck for 55¢. Does he have enough money to buy the toy truck?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Wesley has 2 quarters, 3 dimes, and 2 nickels. He has enough money to buy a race car. What is the greatest amount of money that the race car could cost?

\_\_\_\_\_



## Review the Strategies

### Choose a strategy

- Act it out.
- Draw a picture.
- Use logical reasoning.

4. Riley has 1 dime, 3 nickels, and 4 pennies. Does she have enough to buy a cookie that costs 30¢?

\_\_\_\_\_

How much more does she need?

\_\_\_\_\_

5. Annie has coins to buy a gel pen at the store. It costs 85¢. She has 2 quarters and 1 nickel. What two coins does she still need?
- \_\_\_\_\_



6. A notebook costs 40¢. What three coins could you use to pay for the toy?
- \_\_\_\_\_



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# My Homework

## Lesson 4

### Problem-Solving: Act It Out

Landon has 3 dimes and 2 nickels.



Does he have enough money to buy the pack of stickers that costs 50¢?

50¢



### 1 Understand

Underline what you know.  
Circle what you need to find.

### 2

### Plan

How will I solve the problem?

### 3

### Solve

Act it out.



10¢, 20¢, 30¢, 35¢, 40¢ = 40¢

He has 40¢. He needs 50¢.

So, he does not have enough money.



### 4

### Check

Is my answer reasonable?







## Problem Solving

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Underline what you know. Circle what you need to find. Act it out to solve.**

1. Jose has 1 quarter, 3 dimes, and 1 nickel.  
How much more does he need to buy  
an airplane that costs 75¢?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢

2. Leah has 1 quarter, 2 dimes, and a nickel.  
Her sister has 3 nickels. How many more  
cents do they need to have 90¢?

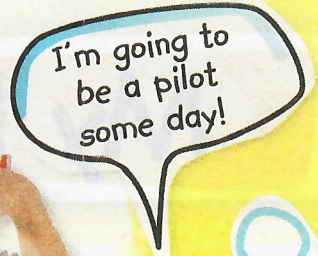
\_\_\_\_\_ ¢

3. Cole has 75 cents. He has 2 quarters and  
1 dime. If the rest of his coins are nickels,  
how many nickels does he have?

\_\_\_\_\_ nickels

4. Sarah has 1 quarter, 1 dime, 3 nickels and  
3 pennies. How much money does she have?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢



**Math at Home** Have your child show you the coins needed to buy a toy that costs 64¢.



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Dollars

## Lesson 5

### ESSENTIAL QUESTION

How do I count and use money?



## Explore and Explain



Hi!  
I'm George.



one dollar = 100 cents



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



**Teacher Directions:** Count pennies to 100¢. Write the number of quarters it takes to equal 100¢. Do the same for the dime and each of the other coins.



# See and Show

Mathematical  
**PRACTICE**

Dollar Sign

\$1.00

Decimal Point

One **dollar** has a value of 100 cents or 100¢. To write one dollar, use a **dollar sign**.

Use a decimal point to separate the dollars from the cents.



one dollar bill = \$1.00

100 pennies = \$1	20 nickels = \$1	10 dimes = \$1	4 quarters = \$1

Count to find the value of the coins.

Circle the combinations that equal \$1.00.

1.



2.



**Talk Math**

How are \$ and ¢ different? How are they alike?



Name \_\_\_\_\_

### Helpful Hint

Use a dollar sign to write dollars. Use a cent sign to write cents.

## On My Own

Count to find the value of the coins.

Circle the combinations that equal \$1.00.

3.



\_\_\_\_\_

4.



\_\_\_\_\_

5.



\_\_\_\_\_

6.



\_\_\_\_\_

7.



\_\_\_\_\_

8.



\_\_\_\_\_





## Problem Solving

**Mathematical  
PRACTICE**

9. Natasha has 1 quarter, 2 dimes, 10 nickels, and 4 pennies. She needs 1 dollar to buy a joke book. How much money does she have?

\_\_\_\_\_

How much more does she need to have one dollar?

\_\_\_\_\_



10. Chip needs 1 dollar. He has three quarters and one dime. How much does he have?

\_\_\_\_\_

How much more does he need to make 1 dollar?

\_\_\_\_\_

### Write Math

Think of 2 combinations of coins that equal one dollar and write them here.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# My Homework

## Lesson 5

## Dollars

### Homework Helper



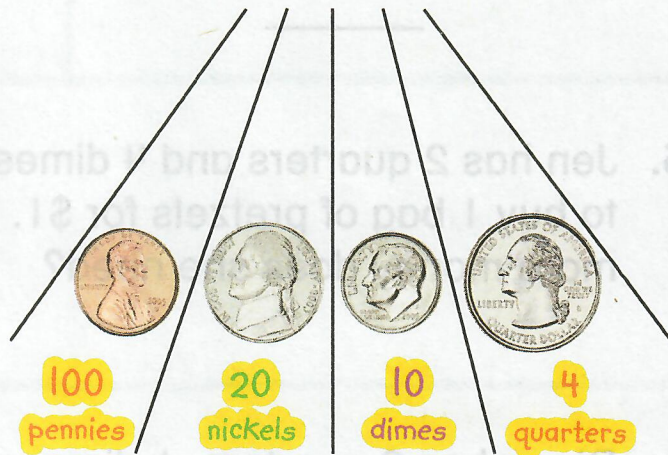
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One dollar has a value of 100 cents or 100¢. To write 1 dollar, use a dollar sign.



one-dollar bill = \$1.00

\$1.00 is equal to



Count to find the value of the coins.  
Circle combinations that equal \$1.00.

1.



2.





Count the coins. Write the value.  
Circle combinations that equal \$1.00.

3.



\_\_\_\_\_

4.



\_\_\_\_\_

5. Jen has 2 quarters and 4 dimes. She wants to buy 1 bag of pretzels for \$1. How much more money does she need?

\_\_\_\_\_



6. Diego has 3 quarters, 1 dime, and 1 nickel. How many more nickels does he need to have \$1?

\_\_\_\_\_ nickels

## Vocabulary Check



Circle the correct choices.

7. **one dollar**      \$1      1\$      \$1.00      1¢



**Math at Home** Have your child use various coins to show you two ways to make \$1.



Name \_\_\_\_\_

# My Review

## Chapter 8

Answering the  
Essential Question

### Vocabulary Check



Draw lines to match.

1. **dime**

1 cent or 1¢

2. **penny**

25 cents or 25¢

3. **quarter**

5 cents or 5¢

4. **dollar**

10 cents or 10¢

5. **nickel**

100 cents or 100¢

### Concept Check



Count to find the value of the coins.

6.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢



# Concept Check



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Count to find the value of the coins.

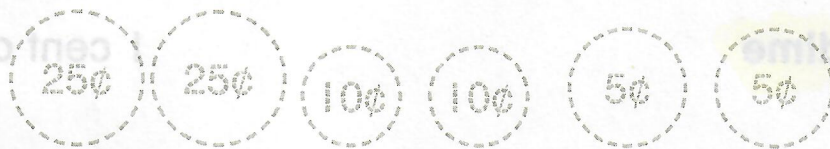
7.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ = \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

Count to find the value of the group of coins.

8.



\_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢, \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

= \_\_\_\_\_ ¢

Count to find the value of the coins.

Circle the combinations that equal \$1.00.

9.



\_\_\_\_\_

10.



\_\_\_\_\_

Use each coin to make one dollar.

Write the number of coins you used.

11.



\_\_\_\_\_

12.



\_\_\_\_\_



Name \_\_\_\_\_



## Problem Solving



13. Lupe buys a toy dinosaur for 47¢. He gives the cashier 1 quarter and 1 dime. How much more money does he need to give the cashier?

Circle the three coins Lupe should give the cashier.



14. John has two dimes. Mark has two quarters. How much money do the two boys have in all?

## Test Practice

15. Lacey found 1 quarter and 1 dime. She already had 30¢. Kyra has 85¢. How much more money does Kyra have?

10¢  
☐

20¢  
☐

25¢  
☐

30¢  
☐



# Reflect

## Chapter 8

### Answering the Essential Question



1 cent or 1¢



\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ pennies make \$1.00.



5 cents or 5¢



\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ nickels make \$1.00.

### ESSENTIAL QUESTION



How do I count and use money?



10 cents or 10¢



\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ dimes make \$1.00.



25 cents or 25¢



\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ quarters make \$1.00.

Count on it!

Success is yours!

